

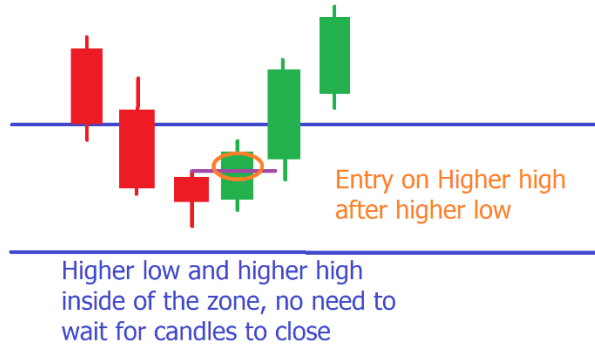
Types of Order Entries

Limit Entry

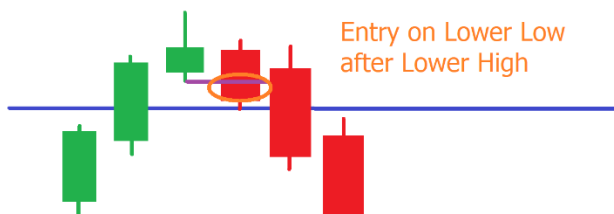
- Place a limit order at the beginning of the zone before the price reaches the zone.
- Also known as Set and Forget.
- Limit order you can get price improvement, but no slippage.
- You may not get filled

Zonal Entry (Zone Entry)

- Advantage – Better entry and lower risk
- Disadvantage – You must be there to enter
- Limit order while the price is inside the zone or
- Market order while the price is inside the zone
- Zone Time Frame can be broken down into Refining Time Frame (RTF)
- $RTF = \text{Zone Time Frame} \div 4, 5 \text{ or } 6$

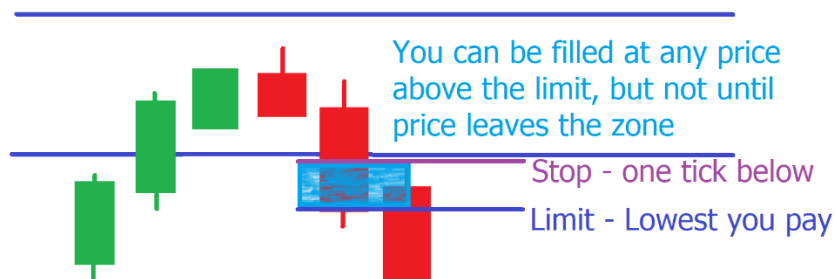
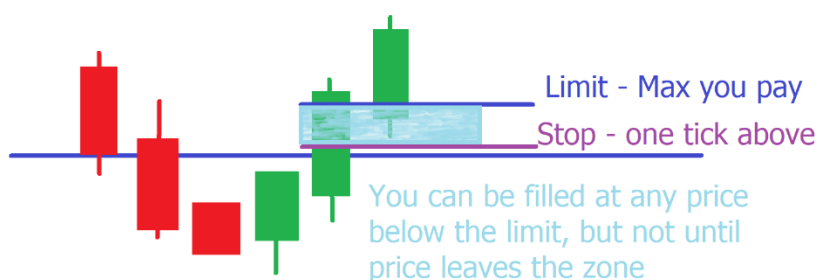


Lower low and lower high inside of the zone, no need to wait for candles to close



Confirmation Entry

- Could also use a market order as the price is leaving the zone, or
- Using a Stop Limit Entry while the price is inside of the zone
- Entering while the price is leaving the zone and you have confirmation that the zone is working
- Stop Limit Order has two parts:
 - Stop – Trigger to place a Limit Order
 - The Stop is placed one tick outside of the zone
 - Buy Zone, one tick above the zone
 - Sell Zone, one tick below the zone
 - Limit – Price you want or better
 - Placed at the same price as the stop, or a couple of ticks away from the stop
 - To control slippage



Entries

1. Limit Entry

Used when there is high confidence in the trade.

2. Zone / Zonal Entry

For high-quality trades where you want to reduce some risk or if you have some doubts.

3. Confirmation Entry

For lower-quality trades. You wait to see that the zone is holding and prices are respecting the zones.

